

Supporting Information

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Access to Guaianolides: Highly Efficient Stereocontrolled Total Synthesis of (±)-Geigerin

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Experimental Procedure

Solvents were dried by distillation over standard reagents and stored under argon or with an apparatus (MP SPD BRAUN). ¹H, and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Brucker AV 300 spectrometer.

Chemical shifts are given in δ relative to tetramethysilane (TMS) for ¹H NMR and to CDCl₃ (77.16) for ¹³C NMR. IR spectra were recorded on a Nicolet 400 spectrometer.

Experimental procedure for the preparation of 9 from 4: To a stirred solution of 4 (200 mg, 1.03 mmol) and LiClO₄ (10 mg, 0.096 mmol) in ahnydrous dichloromethane (15 mL) was added a solution of (E)-tert-butyldimethylsilyl ketene acetal derived from methyl propionate (420 mg, 2.08 mmol) in dichlomethane (3 mL) at room temperature and then the reaction mixture was stirred for a further 14 h. The reaction mixture was treated with a saturated solution of acqueous NaHCO₃ and the crude product 7 was isolated with ether/pentane (1:1) in the usual manner. To a solution of isolated silyl enol ether 7 in acetone at – 90°C was added a freshly prepared solution of DMDO^[21b] (15.8 mL, 1.55 mmol, ca. 0.1 M in acetone). After 5 min, the stirred resulting mixture was treated with water and the alcohol 10 was isolated with EtOAc/pentane (2:1). The crude alcohol 8 was then directly treated with a catalytic amount of TSA in THF (8 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 14 h. The isolated lactone 9 (mixture of diastereomers (C11 dr = 2:1-4:1)) was purified by column chromatography on dry silica gel with EtOAc/pentane (30:70 then 40:60) to afford 135 mg (49% from 4) of 11 as a mixture of C11 diastereomers (white solid, 151-152°C). Recrystallization from dichloromethane/EtOAc/petroleum ether 65-95 gave 9 as a white solid. M.p. 176-178°C (decomposition); ¹H NMR (300 Mz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.25$ (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.36 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.15-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.35-2.42 (dd, J = 18.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 2.55-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.69-2.79 (dd, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.85-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.69-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.85-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.85-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.85-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.85-3.00 (m, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.24-3.35 (m, 1H), 4.75 (d, J = 18.7, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.8 10.7 Hz, 1H), 5.74-5.80 (m, 1H), 5.89-5.94 ppm (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 11.9, 21.8, 37.4, 37.9, 38.6, 43.3, 44.8, 80.2, 125.5, 130.8, 140.4, 165.6, 177.9, 198.7 ppm; FTIR: $\overline{v} = 1783, 1723,$ 1621 cm⁻¹; MS (DCI): m/z: 284 [M+NH₄]⁺; HRMS: calcd for [C₁₄H₁₅O₃Cl+Na]⁺: 289.06074; found: 289.06077.

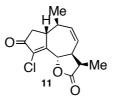
Data for selected compounds: (±)-Geigerin (1): M.p. 167°C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 1.12 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 3H), 1.18-1.30 (m, 1H), 1.48 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3 H), 1.75-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.95 (br s, 3H), 2.03 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (d, *J* = 18.3Hz, 1H), 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.57-2.73 (m, 3H), 4.36-4.45 (m, 1H), 4.62 ppm (dd, *J* = 9.2, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 9.2, 16.6, 22.8, 38.1, 40,3, 40,7, 42.2, 48.6, 49.4, 75.4, 78.7, 138.4, 171,6, 178.5, 208.3 ppm; FTIR: \overline{v} 3440, 1770, 1699, 1644 cm⁻¹; MS (DCI): *m/z*: 282 [M+NH₄]⁺; HRMS: calcd for [C₁₅H₂₀O₄+H]⁺: 265.1439; found: 265.1434.

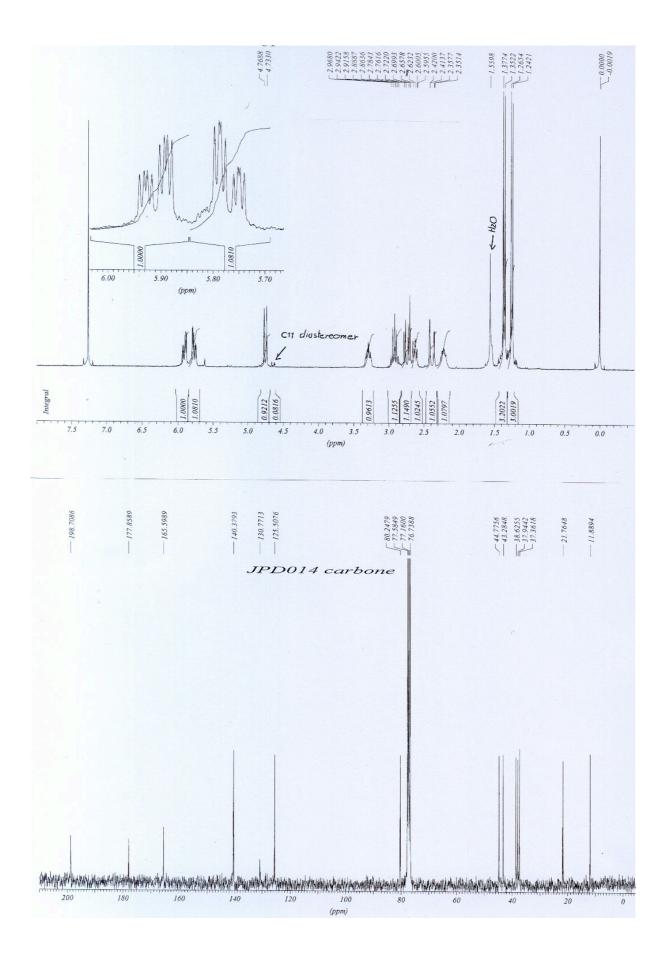
(±)-Geigerin acetate (**2**): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.14$ (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 1.18-1.30 (m, 1H), 1.40 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.82 (br s, 3H), 1.85-1.94 (m, 2H), 2.08-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.54-2.80 (m, 4H), 4.38-4.48 (m, 1H), 5.42 ppm (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 9.0$, 16.2, 20.5, 22.7, 38.0, 39.7, 41.0, 42.3, 47.0, 48.3, 76.3, 78.5, 137.7, 167.9, 169.9, 185.5 ppm; FTIR: $\overline{\nu}$ 1774, 1745, 1704, 1654, 1234 cm⁻¹; MS (DCI): *m/z*: 324 [M+NH₄]⁺.

(±)-6-Deoxygeigerin (**3**): M.p. 120-121°C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.15$ (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.23-1.34 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.72 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 1.88-1.99 (m, 2H), 2.07 (dd, J = 18.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.18-2.48 (m, 4H), 2.64 (dd, J = 18.5, 1H), 6.4 Hz, 3.05 (dd, J = 12.3, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.38-4.48 ppm (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.9$, 14.4, 22.9, 31.3, 37.1, 39.7, 40.9, 42.1, 43.0, 50.4, 80.8, 137.7, 170.1, 178.0, 207.9 ppm; FTIR: $\overline{\nu}$ 1771, 1698, 1649 cm⁻¹; MS (DCI): *m/z*: 266 [M+NH₄]⁺; HRMS: calcd for [C₁₅H₂₀O₃+H]⁺ 249.1491; found: 249.1585.

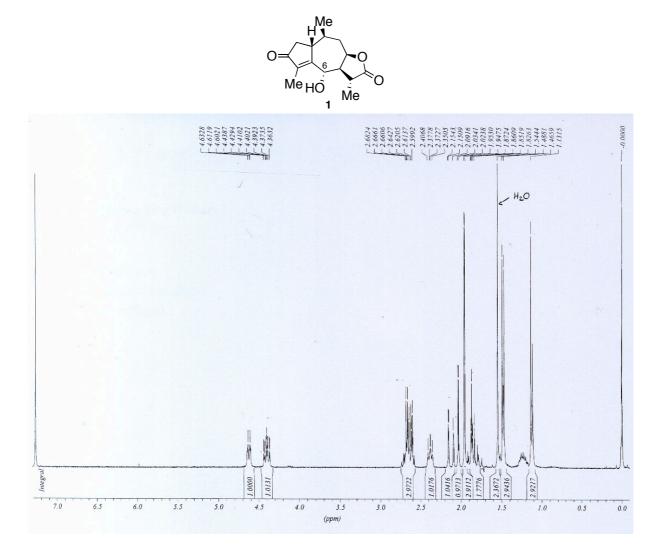
Specrums

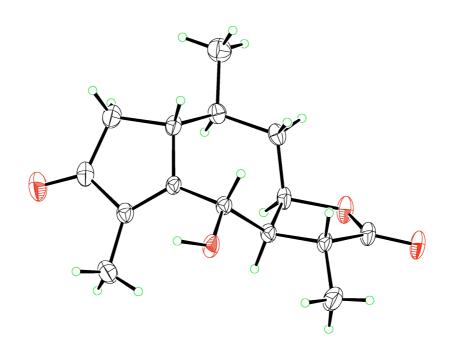
¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR of guaian-6,12-olide 11



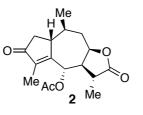


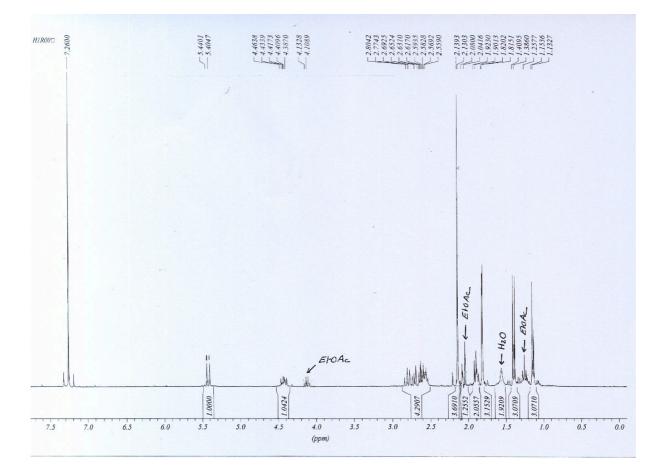
¹H NMR and X-ray structure analysis of (\pm) -geigerin (1)





¹H NMR of (\pm)-geigerin acetate (**2**)





¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR of (\pm)-6-deoxygeigerin (3)

